Roof transition

GISOL



Description

Roof transition type GISOL are used e.g. in connection with roof hoods type VHL, VHA and VHP.

The combination provides a harmonious transition between roof penetration and hood. GISOL is built around two pipes with intermediate insulation of mineral wool and provided with end bottom at bottom.

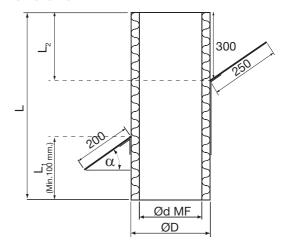
By default, the outer tube is smooth. Spiral folded pipe SR as an alternative.

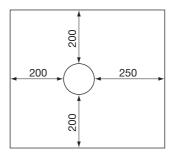
GISOL is delivered with roofing sheets in galvanized sheet or Sabetoflex (stated when ordering).

GISOL must be attached to the rafters, use e.g. bar fittings type SBG / SBG1.

Accessories: AGIS for covering the top of GISOL (order separately, see data sheet for AGIS).

Dimensions





| | Ød | ØD | Fits | m | | |
|---------|------|------|------|-----|-----|------|
| GISOL | [mm] | [mm] | VHL | VHP | VHA | [kg] |
| 100 224 | 100 | 224 | Χ | Χ | Χ | 10,2 |
| 125 250 | 125 | 250 | Χ | Χ | Χ | 12,6 |
| 160 280 | 160 | 280 | Χ | Χ | Χ | 14,1 |
| 200 315 | 200 | 315 | Χ | Χ | Χ | 17,7 |
| 250 400 | 250 | 400 | Χ | Χ | Χ | 20,4 |
| 315 450 | 315 | 450 | Χ | | Χ | 26,8 |
| 315 500 | 315 | 500 | | Χ | | 27,0 |
| 355 500 | 355 | 500 | | Χ | | 27,6 |
| 400 560 | 400 | 560 | Χ | | Χ | 31,8 |
| 400 630 | 400 | 630 | | Χ | | 35,6 |
| 450 630 | 450 | 630 | | Χ | | 36,2 |
| 500 630 | 500 | 630 | Χ | | | 36,7 |
| 500 710 | 500 | 710 | | Χ | Χ | 42,8 |

Ordering example

| GIS | OL | 250 | 400 | 25° | 300 | 100 | GALV | | |
|---------------------------|----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|------|--|--|
| Product | | | | | | | | | |
| Dimension Ød Inner [mm] | | | | | | | | | |
| Dimension Ød Outer [mm] | | | | | | | | | |
| Angle (max. 55) | | | | | | | | | |
| Length above roof L2 [mm] | | | | | | | | | |
| Length under roof L1 [mm] | | | | | | | | | |
| Roof plate materia | al | | | | | | | | |

Example: GISOL-250-400-25°-300-100-GALV

Note:

GISOL is factory-sealed tightly around the pipe.

Before mounting the bushing, the joint must be checked for any damage occurred during transport and handling.

After installation, the joint must also be checked for possible damage occurred during assembly.

Joints that are exposed to strong influences (e.g. wind) can become overloaded and in the worst case become leaky. Therefore, joints must be checked at intervals, e.g. each second year.

When mounting on cardboard roofs, refer to "Installation instructions for implementation in cardboard roof".

